## PIER Funded Research in Consumer and Office Electronics

A Planning Workshop for a Plug Load Energy Efficiency Research Center UC Irvine

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## Agenda

- Energy Commission and PIER
- How to Define Plug Loads
- Example Plug Loads
- Why Do Research Plug Load Energy is Growing
- Research Focus to Date
- Examples of our Past Research and Outcomes
- PIER Feeds Title 20 Standards Process
- Vision for the Future





# **Energy Commission & Its Functions**

Energy policy and information advisor to the California Governor and Legislature

- Major functions:
  - □ License power plants
  - Assess current and future energy trends
  - □ Advance energy technologies
  - Promote energy efficiency and renewable energy
  - Administer building & appliance efficiency Standards
  - Support public interest energy research to advance science and technology









# What is the Public Interest Energy Research Program (PIER)?

- Initiated in 1998 as a part of California electricity deregulation, approximately \$62M/Yr
- Research areas: energy efficiency, demand response, renewable energy, transmission and distribution, climate and environment and transportation
- Natural Gas funding added in 2004, approximately \$24M/Yr
- Conduct public interest energy research to improve the quality of life...by providing environmentally sound, safe, reliable and affordable energy services and products
  - Develop and bring to market technologies
  - Research not addressed by the competitive or regulated markets





Note the dramatic size difference between the inefficient power supply on the left and the switch-mode power supply on the right





## PIER Buildings Program Goals and Outcomes

- More affordable, comfortable, energy efficient buildings from improved designs, construction methods, and operational strategies
- More reliable electricity systems through lowered peak demand
- Healthier, energy efficient indoor environments
- Improved customer choices for affordable, energy efficient technologies





# PIER Buildings Program Scope

- Primarily focuses on shorter term, applied research in new and existing buildings
- End uses include lighting, HVAC, building envelopes, water heating, appliances, consumer and office electronics and building networks
- Research products include design information/specifications, technologies (hardware), software, data, controls, and others
- Covers the entire building life cycle from component development/design, construction, commissioning, operation





## How Do We Define "Plug Loads" and How Much Energy Do They Use?

- Plug loads are devices that plug into electrical outlets (as opposed to being hard-wired)
- They do not fall into other traditional end-use categories (appliances, lighting, HVAC, etc.)
- Can be residential or commercial
- Contain internal or external ac-dc power supplies, some or all of their energy is used in the form of low voltage dc
- Can have digital displays/timers, remote and/or soft touch controls, rechargeable batteries, etc.
- Annual energy use estimates vary: ~15 to 20% of residential and ~10 to 15% of commercial electricity use
- 3 to 4 billion individual devices accounting for about 10% of total U.S. electricity use









household's electricity bill





"Research Powers Source: The ampere strikes back: How consumer electronics are taking over the world, UK Energy Saving Trust, July 2007.

The "Other" Category of Household Energy Use (Plug Loads) Is Growing the Fastest – Estimated to be 29% of Usage in 2030



### Funding for Plug Load Research

- ~\$4.5 Million spent to date
  - □ \$2.3 million in active power research
  - \$2.1 million in low power mode and building networks research
- A new contract for an additional \$2 Million is pending





# Multiple market pathways for products developed through RD&D





### **Research Process for Plug Loads**

- Research largely based on census of consumer and office electronic products across a broad spectrum
- Census reflects the typical duty cycle and volume of devices how much total energy is used. How much power and for how many hours per day
- Program targets the highest energy using devices
- Program also targets low power mode and building networks
- Program, in some cases, develops a new, well-vetted test procedure to evaluate product types and develop a Title 20 appliance standard
- Program develops and evaluates data to support Title 20
  appliance standards





## **Title 20 Standard Process**

Example: External Single Volt Power Supply



### **Examples of Past Research and Outcomes**

- External Single Volt Power Supply Test Procedure
- External Single Volt Power Supply Title 20 Standard
- Influenced a revised Energy Star specification for computers that included power factor correction
- Battery Charger Test Procedure
- Battery Charger Title 20 Standards under consideration
- PIER built a low and ultra low energy computers these computers stimulated manufactures to build computers that use less energy
- Influenced TV Title 20 Standard Test Procedure
- TV Title 20 Standard
- Largely Influenced Energy Efficiency Ethernet IEEE 802.3AZ
- Influencing work on a protocol to communicate with an external proxy





## New Energy Efficient Computer Designs Drive Industry Towards More Efficient Models

- PIER developed efficient computer prototypes and demonstrated cost-effective, market ready efficiency opportunities that greatly exceed ENERGY STAR requirements
- The market has made dramatic advances since we completed our research because this project demonstrated what was possible with commercially available components







### Office Plug Load Field Study and Smart Plug Strips



California Pioneers Office Plug Load Field Research Study

- 47 offices with inventory of all plug load devices
- Plug load meters on a subset of devices in 25 offices
- Inventoried nearly 7,000 plug load devices and collected meter data from 470 plug loads
- Computers and monitors accounted for the largest share of energy in the office plug loads study—66 percent
- Estimated that California's office plug loads consume more than 3,000 GWh annually, costing business owners over \$400 million/year



### **Smart Plug Strips**

Modeling findings showed potential savings of between 80 and 115 kWh per year in a home entertainment center, and approximately 40 kWh per year in a standard home office. This study produced some of the first product testing results and savings estimates for smart plug strips.





### **Planned Future Research**

- Set Top Boxes use significant energy when "off"
- Computer and Other Displays displays consume about 20% of plug loads in California businesses
- Low-end kiosks and point-of-sale terminals
- High-end gaming systems energy use associated with graphics
- Develop home audio test procedures
- Power Factor: How much savings can be achieved by Power Factor Correction (for electronics) in buildings





### Vision for the Future

- All external and internal power supplies are highly efficient and properly sized
- All electronic devices scale power use closely with work load
- Improved smart plug strips control legacy loads
- One highly efficient computer remains on continuously (low idle power) to download and display content, monitor status of other devices, and control them
- Separate set top boxes, DVRs, DVD recorders, game consoles, and video players mostly displaced by simpler, highly capable computers
- To address the growing energy use of Plug Loads, establish a research center dedicated to long term collaboration with market stakeholders that would develop and demonstrate energy efficient electronic technologies and appliances and improve public education



