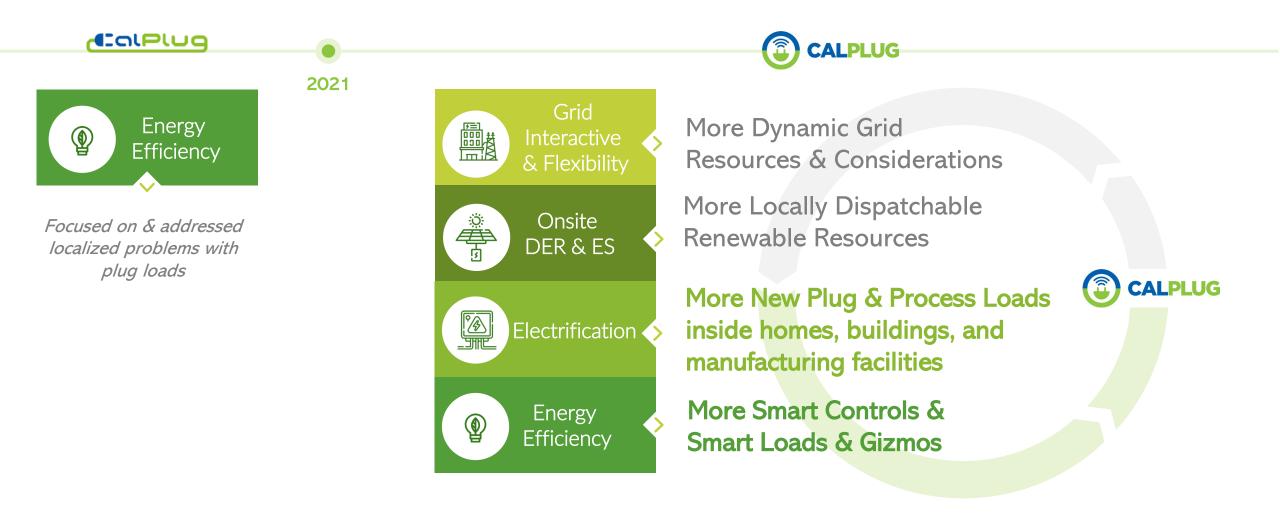
Plug and Process Loads: Roles and Opportunities in Energy Resiliency

10th Anniversary May 10, 2022 Li Zhao, PE, PhD





CALPLUG Heading Into Next Decade



CalPlug's Holistic Approach & Solution



Focus on
Small & Medium
Manufacturers and Buildings

>39,000 small & medium manufacturers in CA + their buildings

Account for

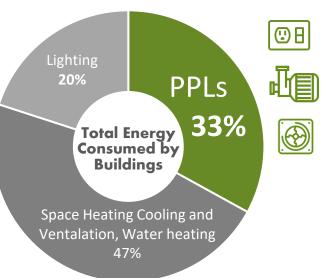


CA's Manufacturing GDP





Start with the rapidly changing **Plug & Process Loads**



Starting from "The End-Use", the nested and rapidly changing *Plug and Process Loads*,

By the integration of sensing, measuring, optimization, analytics, and real-time control,

CalPlug's

Holistic Approach

To provide data and insights to enable optimal orchestration for Grid-interactive Efficient Buildings,

To develop economically and technically feasible decarbonization pathways for *Small and Medium (SM)* sized Commercial buildings, and SM Manufacturers and their buildings.

Energy Resiliency in Small & Medium sized Manufacturers

"the ability to resist being affected by an event or the ability to return to an acceptable level of performance in an acceptable period of time after being affected by an event closing"

--U.S. DOE on Resiliency

Decarbonization Pillars Support the Energy Resiliency

Technically feasible key pillars for End-use Sectors Decarbonization



> Equitability & Affordability & Availability > >>

"The ability of a power system and its components to withstand and adapt to disruptions and rapidly recover from them" In the Case of SMMs energy resilience the power system comprises the electrical infrastructure behind the electrical meter of the industrial facility.

Decarbonization Pillars Support the Energy Resiliency

In the event of a blackout or extreme event, SMMs designed to be energy efficient and store or produce energy onsite offer a greater level of protection to the continuity of operations and safety ramp down.



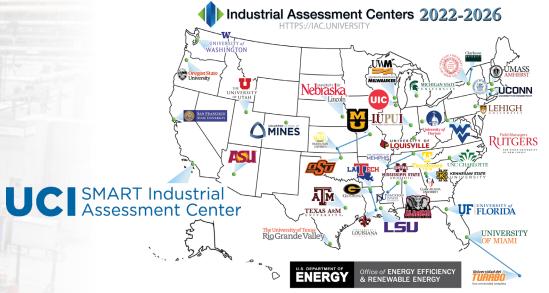
Energy efficiency increases the passive survivability of buildings —maximize the usage of limited resource available.



Onsite DER+ES: During a power outage, backup power (e.g., batteries, onsite solar, generators, or combined heat and power [CHP]) allows for continuity of operations and building habitability.



Access to SMMs?



For SMMS, the IAC has done:

19,686 Assessments

147,944 Recommendations

to improve SMMs energy efficiency.

Plug and Process Loads in SMMs

The general area of application of the recommendations, can be dividing into **Process related** and **non-process related**.





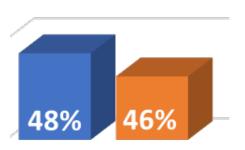
Opportunities in improving Process Load energy efficiency in Small & Medium sized Manufacturers.

Plug and Process Loads in SMMs

"Better" savings in adopting Process Load energy efficiency recommendations in Small & Medium sized Manufacturers.



Process related recommendations have higher implementation cost, but saving are more significant therefore shorter payback period.



Implementation Rate

Higher adoption rate for SMMs to improve their process load and process support.

Average Payback Years



Implementation Cost



Onsite DER & ES in SMMs

- During normal operation Reduce demand charge and energy cost, if sized properly
- During blackout or fuel shortage event Provide resiliency and continuity of operation
- Onsite generation and energy storage type of recommendation is under the category of <u>Reduction of downtime</u> recommendations in IAC program NOT "popular" among SMMs, recommended **41** times over the decades (148,887 total recommendation), very low adoption rate **24%**
- High cost and long payback period; require high resolution data to make sense the dispatch strategy for selected PPLs



Planning for Resiliency with PPLs for SMMs

More PPLs with improved Energy efficiency

During normal grid/fuel supply

- Reduced likelihood of demand surge that led to service disruptions
- Lower energy cost
- During outage or shortage
 - Passive survivability
 - Utilize limited resources for longer duration

Planning for Resiliency with PPLs for SMMs

Critical PPLs connected with Onsite DER & ES

- \circ Identify critical PPLs in SMMs
- During normal grid/fuel supply
 - Reduced demand charges
 - Support sustainability goals
- During outage or shortage
 - Uninterrupted operation of critical PPLs



SMMs Planning Resiliency with PPLs

SMMs are

- In variety of industry sub-sectors
- Have their own process power/heating requirements
- Various product specs and production cycles
- Have a high degree of process integration
- Higher cost of onsite energy source and storage systems in small scale
- Identify control strategies and critical Plug and Process Loads, to pair and size with the energy storge system for optimal dispatch during blackout
- Seek alternative fuel for Process loads to diversify the fuel supply to improve resiliency over supply shortage

SMMs Planning Resiliency with PPLs

- Estimating loads to identify energy resiliency needs
 - Timeframe of energy resiliency desired
 - Remain minimum operation
 - Safely shut down or ramp down
 - Prioritize of the loads and circuit control design
 - Know your loads! PPLs + processes
 - ES SOC and DER ramping rate and dynamics
- Planning for different type of events
 - Unpredictable events
 - Planned PSPS (Public Safety Power Shutoffs)
 - PSPS outages and resiliency plan with notifications from utility
 - Generator and battery rebate program
 - If NOT a Critical facility/infrastructure

We Welcome Opportunities for Collaboration!

Please contact Dr. Li Zhao Izhao1@uci.edu

THANK YOU!





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